

Unit Ten

Vocabulary

Places of cultural interest

اماكن الاهتمام الثقافي

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column (n)	عمود	statue (n)	تمثال	entrance (n)	مدخل
sites (n)	مواقع	Underground Station	محطة مترو	attractions (n)	عوامل جذب
monuments	أثار	a fact file	ملف حقائق	period (n)	فترة - حقبة
picturesque	رائع	tourist sites	مواقع اثريه	dedicate (v)	يخصص - يكرس
remains (n)	بقايا - اثار	arts (n)	فنون	knowledge (v)-d	المعرفه
tourist	عامل جذب	learning (n)	تعلم	destruction (n)	تدمير
Bibliotheca	مكتبة	surround (v)-ed	يحيط ب	diversity (n)	تنوع
archaeology	علم الآثار	contemporary	معاصر -	heart (v)-d	القلب / قلب / مركز
wonders (n)	عجائب	explore (v)	يستكشف	structure (n)	بناء - تركيب
Fort (n)	قلعه - حصن	earthquake	زلزال	powerful (adj)	قوى
Heritage (n)	تراث - ميراث	expeditions	بعثات - رحلات	guard (n)	حارس - يحرس
landmark (n)	علامة ارضيه	hilltop (n)	قمة التل	mark (v-n)	علامة - يميز
myth (n)	اسطوره	elaborate	مفصل - دقيق	reign (n)	سيطره - حكم
port (n)	ميناء	underneath	تحت	ruins (n)	حطام - اطلال
temple (n)	معبد	archaeologists	علماء الآثار	tongue (n)	لسان
lighthouse (n)	مناره - فاناره	unearthed (v)	اكتشفت	preserve (v)-ed	يحفظ
Pillar (n)	عمود	process (n)	عملية	painting (n)	رسم - لوحة
mummies (n)	مومياءات	worth	ذو قيم	well	بئر
treasures (n)	كنوز	religious (adj)	ديني	experts (n)	خبراء
traditions (n)	تقاليد	images (n)	صور	Honour شرف / تكريم	
associated	مرتبط	cruise ships	سفن رحلات	extinct (adj)	منقرض
location (n)	موقع	appreciate (v)	يقدر	coast (n)	ساحل
god (n)	اله	culture (n)	ثقافة	guns (n)	بنادق
inhabit (v)	يسكن - يقيم	playwright	كاتب مسرحي	civilisation (n)	حضاره
owner (n)	مالك	mayor	عمده	cellar (adj)	سرداب
sculptures (n)	تماثيل منحوتة	infection	عدوى	original (adj)	اصلي
bury (v)ied	يدفن	ramps	ارصفه منحدره	bargain (n)	صفقه
value (n)	قيمه	dam (n)	سد	necklace (n)	عقد
discoveries	اكتشافات	elaborate	مفصل	create (v) -d	يخلق - يبدع
devote (v)	يكرس - يخصص	healing (n)	شفاء	ancient (adj)	قديم
region (n)	منطقه	parade (n)	عرض	banks (n)	ضفاف
carve (v) -d	ينحت	coffins (n)	توابيت	sacred	التماسيح
dedicated	خصص - كرس	highlights (n)	اهم الاحداث	classify (n)	يصنف
gateway (n)	بوابة	well worth	لا بأس به	option (n)	اختيار
preserved	محفوظ	not to be	لا بد الا تهمل	define (v)	يعرف
artefacts	اثار - اعمال	medieval (n)	من العصور	Official	وثائق رسميه
moving (adj)	مؤثر للمشاعر	captivate	يأسر	electricity	كهرباء
display	معرض	bazaar (n)	بازار - سوق	evidence	دليل
must-see	لابد من رؤيته	crafts (v)	حرف - مهن	figure	شخصيه
festival (n)	مهرجان	passages (n)	ممرات	entrance (n)	مدخل
souvenirs (n)	هدايا تذكاريه	recommend	يوصي ب -	artists (n)	فنانون
authentic	اصيل	emotional	عاطفي	priests (n)	الكهنة - القساوسه
mausoleum	ضريح - قبر	objects (n)	اشياء	reviews (n)	استعراض - مراجعه
procession	موكب	guard (n)	حارس - يحرس	entire	كامل
royal (n)	ملكي	spectacular	مذهل - مثير	arrows	اسهم

Definitions

monuments (n)	Buildings, statues, or other large structures that are built to remind people of an important event or person.	الآثار
archaeology	The study of ancient societies by examining what remains of their buildings, graves, tools etc	علم الآثار
picturesque	attractive - charming	جميل
column	A tall solid upright stone post used to support a building or as a decoration.	عمود
heritage	The traditional beliefs, values, customs etc of a family, country, or society	تراث
Heritage sites	They are the sites that the UNESCO has decribed them as heritage to protect them.	مواقع تراثيه
landmark	It is a recognizable natural or man- made feature used for navigation, a feature that stands out from its near environment and it is visible from long distances.	علامة ارضيه
A parade	It is an organized procession consisting of a series of displays, performances, exhibits, etc. displayed by moving down in streets past a crowd.	عرض
myth	It is an idea or story that many people believe, but which is not true.	اسطوره
remains	a simple understanding of how something works	اثار
elaborate	carefully planned and organised in great detail	مفصل
well worth	highly recommended as worth seeing	جدير ب
tourist attraction	It is a place of interest where tourists visit for its natural or cultural value	اماكن جذب سياحي
dig up	find something by digging	ينبش - يحفر
Pick up	buy something cheaply	يساوم
Come across	find something by chance	يجد بالصدفه
Hand in	give it to	يسلم شيء لشخص

Expressions

a historical site	موقع تاريخي	historic objects	اشياء تاريخيه
act out	يتصرف- يمثل	get lost	يتوه
the Royal Observatory	المرصد الملكي	52 metres high (in height	
actually true	حقيقي بالفعل	the 62-metre-high	برج ارتفاعه ٦٢ مترا
go up	يرتفع	along the Nile	بطول النيل
maze of alleyways	مناهه الحارات	top tourist sites	اهم المواقع السياحيه
home to the Great Library	مكان المكتبه العظيمه	archaeological remains	البقايا الثريه
Apart from	بأستثناء	the tallest structure	اطول بناء
on the site of the lighthouse	علي موقع الفناره	a powerful	زلزال قوى
on the side	على جانب	associated with	مرتبط ب
lead downwards to	يؤدي الي اسفل الاطلال	at the local market	في السوق المحلي
a special process	عمليه خاصه	responsible for	مسئول عن
in honour of	لتكريم	located in	تقع في
belong to	ينتمي الي	a very well-paid	وظيفه ذات ماهيه
in the cellar	في السرداب	pick up	يساوم
on sale	معروض للبيع	on the banks of the	علي ضفاف النيل
ready to start with	مستعد ان يبدأ ب	prehistoric times	عصور ما قبل

a key to map	مفتاح للخريطة	It's well worth	يستحق الزياره
refer to	يشير الي	associated with	مرتبط ب
provide water for agriculture	يمد الزراعه بالمياه	a sports association	اتحاد رياضي
the most moving sights	المواقع الاكثر جمالا	a tourist site	موقع اثري
well-preserved crocodile	محنطه جيدا	opening times	اوقات الزياره
tour the entire hall	يتجول في القاعه كامله	the writer likes most	اكثر شيء يحبه
sporting events	احداث رياضييه	a football organisation	منظمه كره القدم
short for	اختصار ل	a royal family	عائله ملكيه
the writer's experience	خبره الكاتب	a helpful tip	نصيحه مساعده
All in all	علي وجه العموم- بصفه عامه	conduct a survey on	يجري دراسه
Hidden treasures	الكنوز المخباء	in the pie chart	في المخطط الدائري

Derivatives

Verb		Noun		Adjective	
appreciate	يقدر	appreciation	تقدير	appreciable	مقدر
wonder	يتسئل - يتعجب	wonders	عجائب	wonderful	رائع
treasure	يأخر	treasure	كنز	treasured	عزيز - محفوظ
destruct	يدمر	destruction	تدمير	destructive	مدمر
preserve	يحفظ	preservation	حفظ	Preserved- preservable	محفوظ
dedicate	يخصص	dedication	تخصيص	dedicated	مخصص
organise	ينظم	organisation	يوظف	organised	منظم
practise	يمارس	practice	ممارسة	practical	عملي

Words, Synonyms and Antonyms

Word	Meaning	Synonyms	Antonyms	Meaning
myth	اسطوره	Legend - fable	truth - reality - fact	الحقيقه
dedicated	كرس - خصص	devoted	undedicated	غير مخصص
elaborate	مفصل	detailed	contract	
preserved	محفوظ	Kept- protected	Fresh- destroyed	طازج - تالف
healing	الشفاء	Recovery-cure		
main	رئيسي	major - essential	minor	صغير
heritage	ميراث- تراث	inheritance		
picturesque	جميل	attractive - charming	ugly - offensive	قبيح
inspire	يلهم	impact-create	discourage	يحبط
moving	مثير للعواطف	influential	unmoving	غير مثير
worth	جدير - يستحق	precious- honourable	worthless	بلا قيمه
contemporary	معاصر	current - modern	old - old fashioned	قديم
appreciate	يقدر	value - esteem	depreciate	يقلل قيمه
bargain	مساومه	deal	rip off	مراوغه
elaborate	مفصل - دقيق	detailed - accurate	summarise	يلخص

aa

Language Notes**1- invent : موجود**

- The internet was invented in 1990s..

Explore : يستكشف مكان و يعرف شيء عنه

- Scientists explored the moon in the last century.

Discover (يكتشف) شيء كان موجودا من قبل ولكن غير معروف

- An Egyptian oil well was discovered in the Red Sea last week.

- I found out I made a mistake after giving the paper to the teacher. (معلومة حقيقة – يكتشف)

2-landmark

معلم هام

Landscape

منظر طبيعي

-The Eiffel Tower in Paris is a famous landmark.

The landscape along the banks of the Nile is very beautiful.

3-historical (story- novel- book-film-character-events-document)

تاريخي متعلق بدراسة التاريخ (فيلم – قصة – مسرحية)

- I read a historical book about Salah el Din.

-The world cup in Qatar is an important event.

historic (building- palace - event- castle -day-occasion- moment .

هام تاريخيا (حدث-مبنى- لحظة)

- The Pyramids are historic buildings

- Salah el Din Citadel is a historic building in Cairo.

4- statue تمثال قديم لانسان او شيء

- There are a lot of statues in the Egyptian Museum.

-sculpture تمثال حديث منحوت

There is a sculpture of Um kolthum in Mansura.

* لاحظ هذه الاتجاهات و كيفية صياغة الصفة منها

6 -north

الشمال

northern

شمالي

south

الجنوب

southern

جنوبي

east

الشرق

eastern

شرقي

west

الغرب

western

غربي

* تستخدم هذه الأسماء و الصفات لتحديد موقع الدولة أو المنطقة

- Egypt is in the north of Africa. = Egypt is in northern Africa.

٣- هناك صفات أخرى للاتجاهات

north

الشمال

northerly

شمالي

south

الجنوب

southerly

جنوبي

east

الشرق

easterly

شرقي

west

الغرب

westerly

غربي

* تستخدم الصفات northerly / southerly / easterly / westerly قبل كلمة direction أو لتدل على اتجاه الرياح

- The army went in a southerly direction to surprise the enemies

- A northerly wind comes from the north.

- It was easy for them to sail up the Nile because there was a north / northerly wind.

5- journey

رحلة طويلة (برية / جوية)

All the family went on a journey to Luxor.

- flight

رحلة طيران

I waited for my father's flight from America for two hours.

- voyage (رحلة بحرية)

The ship was hijacked during its voyage in the Red Sea.

- picnic نزهة خلوية (تتضمن تناول وجبة)

We spent a nice picnic in the fields.

expedition رحلة استكشافية (رحلة منظمة لأماكن غير مألوقة) / رحلة قصيرة لغرض معين

Scientists go on expeditions to discover new areas in the world.

- cruise رحلة بحرية من أجل المتعة

He went on a Nile cruise with his friends.

6- Let + مصدر + مفعول - Allow + مفعول + to + / مصدر

- I let the students help each other do the homework.
- I allowed students help each other do the homework.

7 -location موقع / موضع / مكان

The director chose wonderful locations to make his new film.

-destination الجهة المقصودة (في السفر)

Our train reached its destination late.

- site موقع اثرى / موقع انشاء - نت

- You should be careful when you deal with unknown sites on the internet.

8. sight البَصَر / مَشْهَد (شئ محدد يمكن رؤيته)

Taha Hussein lost his sight when he was a child

sights معالم (اثار) / جديرة بالمشاهدة

- There are a lot of tourist sights in Egypt.

view منظر طبيعي ثابت (ما يمكن رؤيته من مكان معين)

- our house overlooks an excellent view . It is a fantastic one.

9 . Operation عملية جراحية / عملية تشغيل

The operation on my father's heart lasted for 5 hours.

Process عملية (سلسلة تغييرات أو أحداث)

The breathing process is necessary for all the living creatures.

10- recommend + V-ing / n. يرشح

- I recommend watching English films to improve your language..

recommend يوصى بـ - يرشح شخص شئ

- I recommend this doctor to you. He is excellent.

recommend شئ for شخص

- The teacher can recommend the best clerk to do the mission.

recommend شئ to شخص

- He recommended me a good tutor to help me.

10- be located on - be located in - lie

be located on = be situated on = lie موقع على بحر أو نهر أو محيط

- our flat is (situated) located on the banks of the Nile. It is wonderful

be located in = be situated in موقع مكان في دولة أو قارة

- My school is located in Zagazig.

Lie يقع

- Alex lies in the North of Egypt.

lie to يكذب على

- She always lies to his friends. No one like her.

11-souvenirs هدايا تذكارية

- Tourists buy many souvenirs to remind them of their holiday in Egypt.

Presents (gifts) هدية

-I bought my sister a present (gift) on her birthday.

- reward مكافأة

I was given him a reward for my success.

Prize جائزة

-He won the first prize in the race.

12. Sports (رياضي) (wear-jacket-day-centre-man-writer-car-teacher-science)**Sporting (life -records-occasions-event-interests-greatness)****13- Customs (n.) عرف-عادات اجتماعية**

- The Egyptian society has a lot of good customs that should keep them.

-traditions تقاليد او فكر موروث

It is one of the tennis traditions that the players greet each other and the referee after the game.

-habit (n.) عادة فردية

- It's my habit to get up early.

**LISTENING TEXT****1)**

Taha : Hi Imad. So, are you ready to start with the homework?

Imad : Hello Taha. Yes, but I really can't decide what the most important landmark in Egypt is.

Taha : What about the Valley of the Kings?

Imad : Yes, that's a good suggestion. It's an important heritage site with so much to teach us but let's not forget about The Egyptian Museum.

Taha : I'm not so sure about that. The museum isn't as picturesque as the Necropolis in Giza, for example.

Imad : That's a good point. Perhaps we should choose the most beautiful monument.

Taha : I don't agree. Cultural heritage is more important because this is something that defines a culture.

Imad : That's true. Then what about the Pyramids at Giza?

Taha : Yes, I agree. The Pyramids are probably the best option, I think.

2)

Now, we are on what is locally known as the Green. It was not far from the scary place here in Carrick-on-Suir in the south of Ireland, but no man created something that has become an essential part of the Irish culture ever since.

Maurice Davin , who was born in this beautiful small town of Carrick-on-Suir in June 1842, quickly became an internationally famous athlete and had world records for running, jumping and other events. He was passionate about sports and his culture and wanted to preserve the national sports played in Ireland. On November the first, 1884, Michael Gavin and a group of other men created the Gaelic Athletic Association, or GAA, to promote the traditional games played in Ireland, and make them more accessible to everyone.

The GAA now has 2,200 clubs in Ireland and 400 clubs around the world. The championships in Ireland take place between May and September and approximately 1.5 million people attending

each year. The finals of the championships do not happen on the Green here in Carrick. They are played in a big stadium in the capital which can hold up to 82,300 spectators. So, as you can see, because of the passion of Norman from the small town to maintain and share his culture with everyone, Ireland now had a Sport Association which benefit hundreds and thousands of people around the world. So, ladies and gentlemen, you could say we're standing in the birthplace of Ireland sporting cultural heritage.

READING

Top tourist sites in Alexandria

Bibliotheca Alexandrina

Alexandria is a **Mediterranean port city** in Egypt. During **the Hellenistic period** (between 323 BCE and 31 BCE), it was home to **the Great Library of Alexandria**, which **was dedicated to the Muses** (the nine goddesses of the arts) and it was one of the largest and most important libraries of the Ancient World. **Because of the Great Library**, Alexandria became known **as a centre for knowledge and learning**. Built in around 300 BCE, there are many **myths surrounding the destruction of the library**, but unfortunately **there are no archaeological remains**. In its place today is **the impressive modern Bibliotheca Alexandrina**, built between 1995 and 2002. It is one of Egypt's most important **contemporary landmarks** and **the cultural heart of the city**. **Apart from its huge library** and reading room, containing more than eight million books, there are many museums where you can explore Alexandria's history and heritage.

Lighthouse of Alexandria

The Lighthouse of Alexandria was known as one of the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World. It was the tallest structure in the world until the Eiffel Tower was built in 1889. Built in 280 BCE, the lighthouse stood until hundreds of years later, when a powerful earthquake destroyed it. In 1968, the remains of the lighthouse were discovered under water. Other expeditions in future years uncovered more ruins of the lighthouse. Today, on the site of the lighthouse stands Fort Qaitbey which has guarded the port of Alexandria since 1480. It's a very popular and picturesque tourist attraction.

El Sawari Column: "Pompey's Pillar"

This single stone pillar, which is more than 20 metres tall, stands on a rocky hilltop in the middle of Alexandria. Built in 292 CE, it marks the site of what was once a huge and elaborate temple, the Temple of Serapeum, built during the reign of Ptolemy III Euergetes (246-221 BCE). It is one of the best-known ancient monuments still standing in Alexandria today. Underneath the column, steps lead downwards to the ruins of the Temple.

ARCHAEOLOGY NEWS ROUND THE WORLD

Virú, Peru

Ancient wall painting discovered in Peru

Archaeologists in northern Peru have found a 3,200-year-old mural - wall painting - painted on the side of an ancient temple that is thought to show a Spider God, associated with rain. Experts say that because of the location of the temple near the river, it must have been a temple built in honour of the water Gods. It is thought that it might have belonged to the extinct Cupisnique people, who inhabited the northern coast of Peru between 2,000 and 1,000 BCE.

Alexandria, Egypt

Mummies with gold tongues unearthed

Archaeologists have dug up ancient mummies - bodies preserved by a special process - with gold tongues left in their mouths. These mummies, found in a temple in the port city of Alexandria, are believed to be 2,000 years old. It is thought that the Ancient Egyptians might have given the mummies gold tongues so they could speak to the god Osiris.

Saxony-Anhalt, Germany

The police have found ancient treasures in a farmhouse, after the owner offered to hand in two old guns from the Second World War (1939-45). They came across 13 sculptures, dishes and cups which are 1,500 years old and are worth around €100,000 in a plastic bag with the guns. They are from the Mayan Civilisation of Mexico and Guatemala. The owner of the farmhouse had picked up the treasures cheaply in a market. It's unclear why he buried them in the cellar of his farmhouse, but he can't have known their real value. It is thought that the original owner may have bought them while travelling in South America.

A new modern museum in Old Cairo

I decided to visit The National Museum of Egyptian Civilisation after watching a YouTube video of the spectacular Pharaoh's Golden Parade. This was a grand procession in which 22 mummies of Ancient Egyptian rulers were transported from the old Egyptian Museum to the new National Museum of Egyptian Civilisation in the ancient city of Fustat. It was one of the most moving sights I have ever experienced; so much heritage and culture in one single parade! The museum, which opened after the parade in May 2021, is very beautiful and impressive. The mummy section, located in the Royal Mummies Hall beneath the main hall, is not to be missed. For me, it was definitely the highlight. The displays contain 18 kings and four queens that ruled Ancient Egypt over 3,000 years ago. Visitors can follow the direction arrows on the floor to go through the passages, tour the entire hall, and see all the mummies, which are displayed next to the coffins they were found in. In the main museum you can see more than 50,000 artefacts, showing Egyptian civilisation from prehistoric times to the present day. The museum is an absolute must-see for anyone travelling to Egypt. It's open from 9 am to 5 pm, but it's well worth visiting early in the morning, so you can appreciate the museum best when it's quiet. Entry tickets cost 60 LE for Egyptians and 200 LE for non-Egyptians. There's a small café that sells tea, coffee and sandwiches. Make sure you go early, since traffic can become difficult after 12 noon.

Shakespeare

Official documents mention Shakespeare being a new baby on 26th April 1564 which was three days after he was probably born. His father owned a large house in Stratford-upon-Avon and was a Mayor, which was a very well-paid position to have. King's New School was a school 400 metres from Shakespeare's house where children learnt to read, speak and write in Latin.

The wonderful hidden treasures of Khan el Khalili

I have always loved looking for souvenirs in the markets and shops so when I was in Cairo, the Khan el Khalili bazaar was a must-see to me. Today it is an open air market, where you can find local crafts and Souvenirs, but it has a long history and used to be a mausoleum for the Fatimid royal family before being rebuilt in 1511. As you enter the narrow streets, you feel as though you have been transported to medieval Egypt. The colourful products displayed in shop fronts. The sellers and powerful smells of spices and traditional food captivate you and transport you to another world.

The bazaar opens at 9 and some shops close quite late. Nobody seems to know just how many shops there are and it's quite easy to get lost in the maze of alleyways so you should wear comfortable shoes. If you need a rest, a refreshing coffee or sweet tea at the historic El Fishawi Café (established in 1770s) is well worth it.

All in all, I love the variety of local products and the chance to get a real feel for the authentic Egyptian experience. The highlight for me was getting some wonderful souvenirs for my friends and family back home. The only thing I didn't like was that I had too many souvenirs to carry. My advice to you is to make sure you buy a large backpack to put your gifts in and carry them easily.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:-

- 1- The Egyptian Museum is the most popular touristin Cairo. All tourists like visiting it
a.images b.attractions c. attachments d. destructions
- 2 - Cairo has some very streets named after famous men.
a) picturesque b) nasty c) ugly d) unpleasant
- 3 - Eiffel Tower is the most famousin Paris .
a) landscape b) landslide c) landform d) landmark

- 4 - Egypt has some wonderful heritage We should keep them
 a) location b) position c) sites d) situation
5. The statue of Ramsis was transported and set in a new..... It is in the entrance of the Grand Museum.
 a. situated b. situation c. location d. application
6. Thesystem has facilitated travelling around Cairo. It's fast and cheap.
 a. underneath b. underground c. undertake d. under control
7. The archaeologists discover newsites every year. They add new treasures to our heritage.
 a. historical b. cultural c. industrial d. agricultural
8. Our..... is priceless and can't be compensated, so we must preserve it.
 a. cultures b. inheritance c. heritage d. agriculture
- 9- The statue of Delisbs, used to stand on a in the entrance of The Suez canal.
 a) column b) attraction c) temple d) port
- 10-Alexandria is the largest..... located on the Mediterranean sea
 a) museum b) monument c) attraction d) port
- 11- The of Isis and Osiris can't be believed, but it is from oyr heritage .
 a) myth b) wisdom c) museum d) temple
- 12 .Theof a lot of ancient cities are found in the desert. The government should protect them .
 a) remains b) column c) museum d) attraction
13. The of Alex was used to guide ships in the past.
 a. lighthouse b. lighlplace c. lighening d. lighthome
14. Tallwere built in most of the temples in Luxor. Tourists admire them a lot.
 a.roads b.systems c. columns d.lights
15. We should be against the process of destroying our ancient.....for building new structures
 a.mansion b. moments c.memories d.monuments
16. Some irresponsible people use illegal ways to demolish some our.....to build big blocks instead of them.
 a.mansion b. moments c.memories d.monuments
17. Abu Simpel is one of the most beautiful..... in the world.
 a.museumes b.temple c. views d. ruins
18. The.....of the ancient kings and queens are found on the walls of ancient temples.
 a.photos b.images c.clothes d. shoots
19. Tour guides have to study.....before getting a good career in tourism.
 a. archaeology b. biology c.technology d.archnology
20. The synonym of " picturesque" is.....
 a. offense b.elegant c. attractive d. heinous
- 21- A wind has come from the north made our weather is very cold.
 a.northam b.northern c. north d. northerly
22. lebanon has some.....views that attract a lot of tourisrs.
 a. picturesque b.golden c. unsightly d. odious
23. The scientists on the expedition to the Yellow Mountain couldn't recognize any..... They got lost .
 a. landslide b. landmark c.landscape d.landlord
- 24- Tourists get on a ships sailing along the Nile between Luxor and Aswan.
 a) curious b) crazy c) cruise d) cozy
25. There are some places inthe Great Egyptian Museum areto show giant statues.
 a. deduced b. painted c. dedicated d.commented
26. The Great Pyramid is 166 m

- a.high b. big c.height d. length
27. Wonderfulhave been set in front of the museum to decorate it.
- a. sculptures b.plants c. channels d. presentation
- 28.Theof Tutankhamun are kept in a special hall in the Egyptian Museum .
- a.treasury b.treasures c.positions d.property
29. The yound shouldwhat their parents have done for them.
- a.evaluate b. appreciate c. count d.rethink
30. Most people who.....the villages work as farmers.
- a. exhale b. live c. inhabit d. inherent
31. Ahmad Shawkey was one of the bestin Egypt. He wrote wonderful plays.
- a. playwrights b. novelists c. storytellers d.poets
- 32..... is the traditional beliefs, values, customs etc of a family, country, or society
- a. Inheritance b. Heritage c. Laws d.Liberty
33. All the members of our family attended our grandfather's birthday party.....my uncle.
- a. apart b. part c. expect d. without
34. The mission of the UNESCO is to protect the World heritage.....all over the world
- a.seeds b.sighs c. sites d.views
- 35- I remember ----- an old coin from the ground as a child in my garden.
- a) searching b) digging up c) looking d) discovering
- 36- I..... some old photos of my grandfather in an old box.
- a) came across b) came round c) came out d) came in
37. Archaeologists have dug ancient mummies – bodies preserved in the coffins.
- a. into b. in c. up d. on
38. The ancient mummies were preserved by a specialdone by the priests.
- a. process b. operation c. mission d. works
39. Some ancient Egyptian mummies had goldleft in their mouths.
- a. ears b. noses c. heads d. tongues
- 40- My father used to ----- old books up at Al Azbakya Wall Market.
- a) back b) pick c) buy d) pack
41. The citizen who finds any old monuments must hand it.....to the government.
- a.on b. in c. with d.by
42. The Egyptian.....is one of the greatest ones in the world.
- a. civilisations b. celebritiesc. celebrations d.circles
43. The antonym of " myth" is.....
- a.legend b. reality c. fable d. superstition
44. Eating salty fish.....the festival of Sham el Nesseim.
- a.marks b. characterise c. grades d. knows
45. Providing clean water andto all villages is one of the missions of the current government
- a. electricity b. rays c. satallites d. devices
46. The film about the war was very A lot of people cried at the end!
- a. moving b. removing c. proving d. improving
- 47 - The High ----- opened in 1970 and it has saved Egypt from drought many times.
- a) Dam b) Wall c) Mountain d) Hill
48. Some charities dig water.....to help the villages in the desert to find clean water.
- a. wills b. wells c.walls d. whales
49.are natural disasters. They are unpredictable.
- a. Earthquakes b.Volcanoes c.Floods d.Rains
50. The functions of buildingare to store water and generate electricity.
- a.dams b.stations c. cities d. roads
51. All games have.....that organize practicing them.

- a. rails b. rolls c. rules d. roles
52. The rise of temperature and the loss of taste are.....with coronavirus.
a.called b.communicated c.associated d.infected
- 53-The Champollion Museum is ----- the man who deciphered hieroglyphics in 1822.
a) dedicated to b) specialised c) decorated d) handed
- 54- some people haveto know the news of other people. It is a bad habit. a) curiosity
b) curious c) jealous d) carelessness
- 55- The biological ----- of the rainforests is marvellous .
a) various b) diversity c) vary d) division
56. Theof the ancient world were seven only and most of them were buildings.
a.wanders b.wonders c.marvels d.myths
57. The first telephone wasby Graham Bell.
a.discovered b.invented c.explored d.did
58. The.....of coronavirus is deadly so we should protect our selves by wearing masks.
a. intelligence b.infection c.ingenuity d. injection
59. Seeing Cairo from The Cairo Tower is a veryview . It is wonderful.
a.depressed b.impressed c. impressive d. rising
- 60- Some ancient Egyptian statues in London and Paris museums aren't..... They are copies only.
a) fake b) forged c) original d) usual
- 61is the process where the cells of the body regenerate and repair themselves
a. Deal b. Treat c. Healing d.Health
62. The synonym of " moving" is.....
a. inmoving b. unmoving c. dismoving d. disguisting
63. There is a classical.....of furniture in this shop. I'm sure you will admire them.
a. variety b. aspects c. sorts d. collections
64. The antonym of " authentic" is.....
a. original b. actual c. fake d. genuine
65. The experts of the ministry of educationsurveys about the new system.
a.conduct b. carry on c. make d. study
66. The experts should.....the data they collect before announcing the results .
a. shake b. analyse c. chock d. cheek
67. A..... is an idea or story that many people believe, but which is not true.
a. novel b. tale c. myth d. poem
68. The procession of the mummies was a moving We all liked it.
a .site b.location c. visible d.sight
69. Cairo is.....in on the banks of the Nile
a. lies b. lays c. located d.seated
70. Cairo on the banks of the Nile
a. lies b. lays c. located d.seated
- 71- Some modern authors discussissues like addiction and pollution in their novels.
a.old fashioned b.ancient c. contemporary d. antique
- 72.When journalists see or meet an important man , theyhim to get some talks.
a. met b. surrounded c. pictured d.protected
73. Egypt does its their best to solve the problems in our area and.....peace in it.
a. define b. reserve c. preserve d. publish
74. The synonym of " bargain" is.....
a. disagreement b. agreement c.difference d.signment
- 75- The government works hard to instill the spirit of ----- and belonging in all citizens.
a) loyalty b) treason c) dishonesty d) forgery
- 76-We should work hard to raise our national to improve our economy.

- a) division b) unity c) income d) source
77. After the ship sank, all the passengers were No one was found alive
a.alive b.dead c. deadly d.live
- 78- The government should setgoals to improve our living conditions.
a. complex b.vague c. elaborate d.complicated
- 79- In thecountries like Britain , the oldest son or daughter has the right to be the king.
a) rural b) loyal c) urban d) royal
- 80-Champollion managed to the ancient Egyptian 's hieroglyphics in 1822.
a) complicate b) decipher c) complex d) misunderstand
- 81-Your CV should include your skills as well as your hobbies and
a)) interests b) interested c) interesting d) interestingly
- 82-A.....is an organized procession consisting of a series of displays, performances, etc. displayed by moving down in streets past a crowd.
a)) walking b) profession c) parade d) celebration
83. The synonym of " pick up" is.....
a. sell b. buy c. spend d. yield
84. The statue was out of stone.
a. done b. carved c. constructed d. build
85. The investigators found some.....in the place of the accident. One of them is the knife the the killer used to commit the crime.
a. evidence b. glues c. flu d. key
86. tourists like.....all the parts of any temple or museum they visit.
a. touring b. towering c. walking d. lowering
87. Theof Arab countries meet every year to discuss the problems they face..
a.princes b. governorates c.rollers d.rulers
88. The new museum in Fustat will show our great..... in an attractive way
a.civilization b.deaths c.civilians d. celebrations
- 89.Egypt should encourage making the.....to sell them to the tourists and export them too.
a.treasury b.benefits c.artefacts d.treasures
90. The prefix " pre" in 'prehistoric' means.....
a.after b.before c. during d. near
91. The pyramids in Gize are an absolute must-..... for all tourists.
a.sow b.saw c.see d.sorrow
92. Clever students mustwell before exams.
a. reviewer b. view c. review d. revision
93. Egypt provides a lot ofto foreign investors to come to Egypt.
a. facilities b. documents c.meetings d.conferences
94. The..... of Khan el Khalili is one of the most popular places in Egypt.
a. palace b.bazaar c. basin d.sight
95. The Egyptian foodthe tourists, especially fata.
a. captivates b. flourishes c. capture d. affect
96. The World Football Cup is a.....event. All people wait it every four years.
a. sport b. sportive c. sporting d. sports
97. I haveof old books . They include all kinds of knowledge.
a. sit b. sat c. set d.seed
98. My father has bought a piece of land which is.....one million pounds.
a.worse b. worth c.deserve d. cost
99. The nextof the World Football Cup will be held in Qatar.
a. race b. Champion c.rally d. Championship

- 100 The.....of the president blocked the streets and caused a traffic jam.
a. profession b. precession c. promotion d. preservation
- 101- Some students likethe most important points in any topic with a different colour.
a. summarise b. advertisements c. highlights d. comments
- 102- We should honour our ----- scientists; we shouldn't wait until they die.
a) contemporary b) temporary c) permanent d) old
- 103-The ----- found a pharaonic tomb full of treasures near the pyramids .
a) architects b) archaeologists c) psychologists d) sociologists
- 104- The lighthouse which was one of the seven wonders was ----- by an earthquake .
a) collapsed b) erected c) constructed d) destroyed
- 105- In Khan el-Khalili , you can find picturesque crafts and ----- you 'd like to buy .
a) carts b) souvenirs c) courts d) carrots
- 106- Khan el-Khalili used to be a ----- for the dead of the Fatimid royal family .
a) museum b) muslin c) mausoleum d) Muslim
- 107 - The ----- Ages were about AD 1000 to AD 1450 .
a) Middle b) Medieval c) Medal d) a & b

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### MODAL VERBS OF DEDUCTION, ADVICE AND REGRET

الأفعال المساعدة الدالة على الاستنتاج و النصيحة و الندم

#### 1- Must + inf. = I am sure

لا بد أنه

- يستخدم (Must) للتعبير عن الاستنتاج المثبت القائم على دليل في المضارع

- You **must** speak good Arabic if you've lived here for 10 years. (I'm sure you speak good Arabic.)
- Must + be + n. / adj. لا بد أنه
- He **must be** English. He speaks English well. (He is definitely English.)
- Ali **must be** happy. He has just won a gold medal. (I'm sure Ali is happy.)

#### 2- Must ... ماضي..... Must have + pp.

- يعبر (Must have + pp.) عن الاستنتاج المثبت القائم على دليل في الماضي

- It **must have been** cold there. There is snow on the ground in the photo.  
(It was definitely cold there)
- Passing his driving test **must have made** Ahmed very happy.  
(I'm sure passing his driving test made Ahmed very happy.)
- There **must have been** a sandstorm. The streets are covered in sand.
- She **called me from a friend's phone**. She **must have lost** her mobile phone.
- It **must have been** very windy during the night. There are branches all over the ground.

#### 3- Can't / Couldn't

لا يمكن أن يكون

يعبر عن الاستنتاج المنفي القائم على دليل في المضارع

- He **can't be** Egyptian He **doesn't speak** Arabic. (He is definitely not Arabic.)
- That **can't be** Kamal. He looks too old. (I'm sure you are not Kamal.)

#### 4- Can't / Couldn't ... ماضي..... Can't / Couldn't have + pp.



تعبّر ( **Can't / Couldn't have + pp.** ) عن الاستنتاج المنفي القائم علي دليل في الماضي

- Ali **can't have forgotten**. **He's got a very good memory.**
- They **can't have had** lunch. **Their food is in the fridge.**
- It's only 4 o'clock. The match **can't have finished**. **it's too early already.**  
**(The match definitely hasn't finished early)**
- Ali was not at the meeting. He **can't have read** my e-mail.  
**(I'm sure he didn't read my e-mail.)**
- You **couldn't have finished** that book already. **(I'm sure you didn't finish it.)**

## 5- Might / May / could

## من المحتمل

**للتعبير عن عدم التأكد ( الاحتمال ) في المضارع عندما لا يوجد دليل**

- He **might be French**, but he is probably Italian. (it is possible that he is French)
- He **might / may be** at home. I'm not sure.

**6- Might / may ... ماضي..... Might / may have + pp.**

- Azza **wasn't** at school yesterday. She **might have had** a doctor's appointment..  
(It's possible that Azza had a doctor's appointment)
- He **might have rung** yesterday evening. (It is possible but I am not sure.)
- Going by car **might have taken** longer than going by train. (But it might not.)
- تعبر ( **could have + P.P.** ) أيضا عن شيء كان من الممكن حدوثه ولكنه لم يحدث لأننا لم نستغل الفرصة
- He **was able to do** the job but **he didn't**. = He **could have done** the job.
- أحيانا يمكن أن تعبر الجملة عن الاستمرار وفي هذه الحالة نستخدم
- **must / can't / may/ might / could+ be + v.ing**
- What is Ali doing in his room? - **I'm not sure. He may be studying.**
- **must / can't / may/ might / could+ have been + v.ing**
- What was Linda doing? - She **must have been working** on her computer.

[illegible]

## Exercises on Grammar

**Choose the correct answer:**

1. I can't find my book. I ..... it on the bus.  
a) can't have left      b) must leave      c) may leave      d) may have left
2. She .....gone to school today. It's Friday.  
a) must have      b) can't have      c) may have      d) should have
3. A: Can I have some sweets? I am hungry.B: You .....be hungry. You have just had dinner.  
a) can't      b) must      c) should      d) may
4. Tom ..... written this, because it is in French and he doesn't know French.  
a) might have      b) may have      c) can't have      d) must have
5. He looks so tired. He ..... worked very hard.  
a) can't have      b) should have      c) must have      d) might have
6. He ..... be a very clever boy. He has entered the university very easily.  
a) may      b) can't      c) must      d) should
7. John went to the movies last night, but he ..... at home and revised his lessons.  
a) might stay      b) might have stayed      c) shouldn't have stayed      d) could have stayed
8. She teaches maths at the university. She .....be stupid.  
a) may      b) must      c) should      d) can't
9. Sally looks sad and worried. She ..... a problem with something.  
a) must have      b) can't have      c) may have had      d) should have
10. Bob ..... at school because I haven't seen him there today.  
a) must have been      b) can't have had      c) may have been      d) shouldn't be
11. Mr. Adel hasn't come to work yet. He has never been late for work. He ..... the bus.



- a) might miss b) must have missed c) can't have missed d) should miss
12. Tamer is a very good boy. He isn't naughty, so he ..... that window.
- a) mustn't break b) shouldn't break c) may have broken d) can't have broken
13. I'm sure that I dropped my key in the car. It .....be there at the moment.
- a) must b) should c) might d) can't
14. The street is wet this morning. I'm not sure but it .....rained last night.
- a) must have b) can't have c) may have d) should have
15. A: I talked to your science teacher at school yesterday.  
B: You ..... to her because she wasn't at school yesterday.
- a) can't have talked b) shouldn't have talked c) could have talked d) must have talked
16. The man was being taken to hospital. He .....have an accident.
- a) must have b) can't have had c) must have had d) should have had
17. She knew everything about our plans. She ..... to our conversation.
- a) should listen b) can't have listened c) mustn't have listen d) must have listened
18. He ..... the roasted beef when we were out. He is a vegetarian.
- a) shouldn't eat b) shouldn't have eaten c) can't have eaten d) must have eaten
19. He broke two of the plates while washing the dishes. He ..... have been more careful.
- a) should b) might c) can d) must
20. He spends all day sitting at cafés. He .....out of job.
- a) will b) should c) must d) can't
21. John said he would ring, but he hasn't. He .....forgotten all about it.
- a) mustn't have b) can't have c) may have d) should have
22. They are asking the way to the city center. They.....be tourists.
- a) can't b) may c) shouldn't d) couldn't
23. If you've been trying to lose weight, then you really ..... have eaten all that ice cream.
- a) shouldn't b) might c) can't d) must
24. He has drunk three glasses of water. He .....be very thirsty.
- a) will b) should c) must d) can't
25. He has drunk three glasses of water. He .....have been very thirsty.
- a) will b) should c) must d) can't
26. A: Where's the cat? B: It ..... out, the door is closed.
- a) must have gone b) can't have gone c) may have gone d) could go
27. The police arrested him right now. They ..... enough evidence.
- a) must find b) may have found c) can't have found d) must have found
28. She's not home. She ..... gone to the store.
- a) must have b) can't have c) may have d) should have
29. He had no money, so he ..... you some.
- a) may lend b) will lend c) can't have lent d) can't lend
30. They all shouted in fear. They .....be very afraid.
- a) must be b) must have been c) can't be d) can't have been
31. A: Your dog bit me as I was standing in the hall. B: It .....be my dog. It was with me all day.
- a) may be b) should have been c) may have been d) can't have been
32. A: I phoned you at 9 o'clock this morning and got no answer.  
B: I ..... in the garden. I was planting some flowers this morning.
- a) must be b) must have been c) can't have d) may have been
33. I.....have become a millionaire, but I decided not to.
- a) must b) may c) can't d) could
34. A: I'm afraid Ted is watching TV again.  
B: He .....be watching TV, because his room is completely silent and dark.
- a) can't b) may c) must d) needn't
35. That carpet was made by hand. It .....taken a long time to make it.
- a) must have b) must have been c) can't have d) mat have
36. He drives a very expensive car and owns a private plane. He .....very rich.
- a) must be b) must have been c) can't be d) can't have been
37. You ..... very proud of your daughter winning the prize.
- a) can't b) must c) shouldn't d) might
38. That play has been such a success. It ..... be easy to get tickets to see it.
- a) might b) may c) will d) can't
39. We thought you would have visited us when you were in town. I think you..... too busy.



- a) must have      b) must have been      c) can't have been      d) should have been
40. Why did you work there? You ..... working in such a bad environment.
- a) must enjoy      b) shouldn't have enjoyed      c) can't have enjoyed      d) might have enjoyed
41. If you carry those heavy suitcases you..... injure yourself.
- a) may      b) can't      c) must      d) may
42. I don't know who gave me this CD. It ..... have been my uncle.
- a) may      b) can't      c) must      d) should
43. I ..... have watched that horror movie; it gave me nightmares.
- a) shouldn't have      b) should have      c) can't have      d) must have
44. She shouldn't be out so late. Look at her. She ..... more than fifteen.
- a) must      b) should be      c) can't be      d) mustn't be
45. Don't take a risk like that again! We ..... have lost our lives because of you.
- a) must      b) may      c) can't      d) could
46. That..... my uncle that you saw. He died three years ago.
- a) can't have been      b) shouldn't have been      c) must have been      d) must be
47. You have just eaten a huge dinner! You ..... be hungry again already!
- a) can't      b) may      c) might      d) must
48. The person who stole the documents ..... one of the employees. Anyway, I'm not sure.
- a) should have been      b) must have been      c) can't be      d) might have been
49. Wow - look at that diamond necklace. It ..... cost a fortune.
- a) needn't      b) might      c) can't      d) must
50. I suppose Bill..... his way. He hasn't come back up till now.
- a) may lose      b) must lose      c) might have lost      d) should have lost
51. I don't know who rang, but it ..... Jim.
- a) can't have been      b) must have been      c) might have been      d) should be
52. It's a pity you didn't ask because I ..... you.
- a) can't help      b) couldn't have helped      c) must have helped      d) could have helped
53. You .....met my brother. I haven't got one!
- a) must have      b) may have      c) can't have      d) could have
54. There is only one explanation. You .....left your keys on the bus.
- a) must      b) may      c) can't      d) could
- The meat is a bit burnt. You ..... it for so long.
- a) should cook      b) may have      c) can't have cooked      d) must have cooked
55. Peter wasn't here then, so he..... have broken your vase.
- a) can't      b) must      c) may      d) should
56. I .....have bought that car, but I decided to look at a few others.
- a) must      b) could      c) may      d) can't
57. I have no idea who it was, but I suppose it ..... have been Ann
- a) can't      b) must      c) should      d) might
58. The printer's been broken for the past week, so she..... have printed out the report.
- a) can't      b) must have      c) may      d) might
59. Your daughter is really smart. She ..... be very successful someday.
- a) can't      b) must      c) mustn't      d) could

### used to + inf. اعتاد أن

{ used to + (مصدر الفعل) } = was in the habit of ( ing ) اعتاد أن

تعبير عن روتين أو عادة منتظمة في الماضي ولكن لم تعد تحدث الآن .

- I **used to eat** breakfast before I **went** to school.
- My father **used to work** in a bank, but now he works in an office.
- He **used to swim** every day. Now he **doesn't** ( swim ).
- He **used to be** late all the time. Now, he **isn't** ( late ).

**didn't use to + مصدر**

وفي حالة النفي نستخدم:

- I **didn't use to** play computer games, but now I do.

**did + use to + فاعل + مصدر**

وفي حالة السؤال نستخدم:

- Did you **use to** walk to school?      - Where did you **use to** live?

نستخدم **no longer** بدلا من **used to** ويأتي بعدها الفعل في المضارع البسيط:







2. My father .....in Alexandria when he was a boy  
 a) lived                      b) used to live                      c) is used to living                      d) use to live
3. In the past, people .....to work long hours.  
 a) used                      b) doesn't use                      c) isn't used                      d) don't use
4. My father .....live in Alexandria when he was a boy.  
 a) uses                      b) used to                      c) isn't used to                      d) is using
5. Wafaa used to wear glasses but now she .....  
 a) does                      b) doesn't                      c) isn't                      d) didn't
6. When he got married, he .....to Cairo  
 a) moved                      b) used to move                      c) use to move                      d) is used to moving
7. where did you ..... for your holidays when you were a child?  
 a) went                      b) used to go                      c) is used to going                      d) use to go
8. Did you .....to study chemistry?  
 a) uses                      b) used                      c) use                      d) using
9. A knife is used to .....things.  
 a) cut                      b) cutting                      c) cuts                      d) be cut
10. He stopped .....he no longer go to school.  
 a) to go                      b) going                      c) went                      d) to going
11. My father .....to live in Tanta when he was young.  
 a) uses                      b) used                      c) using                      d) use
12. My brother is used to .....the poor.  
 a) help                      b) helping                      c) helped                      d) helps
13. He was in the habit of .....hard.  
 a) work                      b) works                      c) worked                      d) working
14. How long did they .....to spend abroad?  
 a) use                      b) used                      c) uses                      d) using
15. Did he use to arrive early? - yes, he .....  
 a) did                      b) do                      c) does                      d) has
16. She used to have long hair but now she .....  
 a) isn't                      b) doesn't                      c) wasn't                      d) didn't
17. Many hundreds of years ago, people ..... for goods using salt instead of money.  
 a) had paid                      b) were paying                      c) used to pay                      d) uses to pay
18. My brother ..... have a beard but now he only has a moustache.  
 a) is used to                      b) no longer                      c) used to                      d) used
19. He used to be thin, but now he.....  
 a) isn't                      b) doesn't                      c) wasn't                      d) didn't
20. The knife is used to.....meat and other food.  
 a) cut                      b) cutting                      c) have cut                      d) cuts
21. My father is used to.....He doesn't want to give it up.  
 a) smoke                      b) smoking                      c) smokes                      d) smoked
22. .... to go to bed early when you were young?  
 a) Did you use                      b) Did you used                      c) Do you use                      d) Do you used
23. He .....eating out as he doesn't enjoy cooking at home.  
 a) is used to                      b) was used                      c) is used for                      d) no longer
24. She .....writes to us.  
 a) used to                      b) no longer                      c) any longer                      d) is used to
25. When I was younger I .....enjoy swimming, but now I really love it!  
 a) didn't used to                      b) didn't use to                      c) wasn't                      d) hadn't
26. He.....spending all his free time writing.  
 a) used to                      b) no longer                      c) doesn't use                      d) is used to
27. When I was young, I used to ..... swimming every weekend.  
 a) went                      b) go                      c) gone                      d) had gone
28. Ali .....spend his free time playing computer games, but now he prefers reading books.  
 a) was                      b) didn't used to                      c) used to                      d) uses to
29. When I was young, we ..... to live in Luxor.  
 a) use                      b) used                      c) uses                      d) are using
30. Hala used to be thin , but now she .....



- a) doesn't                      b) hasn't                      c) isn't                      d) is
31. Maha used to wear glasses but now she.....
- a) does                      b) doesn't                      c) isn't                      d) didn't
32. He used to be a famous singer, but now he.....
- a) isn't                      b) doesn't                      c) couldn't                      d) shouldn't
33. Mr Hassan.....football. He still plays football.
- a) didn't use to play    b) played                      c) used to play                      d) is used to playing
34. When she was young, she ..... to like going to bed early.
- a) uses                      b) doesn't use                      c) isn't used                      d) didn't use
35. The printer is used for.....paper.
- a) print                      b) printing                      c) prints                      d) printed
36. ....Mona used to living in the countryside?
- a) Did                      b) Has                      c) Does                      d) Is
- 37- He ..... need much sleep, but he does now
- a) didn't use to    b) isn't used to                      c) used                      d) uses
- 38-What games did you .....to play with your friends?
- a) used to                      b) used                      c) are used                      d) use
- 39- I once used to ..... the newspaper every day. Now I don't have the time.
- a) reading                      b) read                      c) was reading                      d) had read
- 40-I..... the newspaper every day. Now I don't have the time.
- a) am reading                      b) used to read                      c) reads                      d) was reading
- 41-Mr Zaki was shocked when he joined our company as he .....to do much work every day.
- a) wasn't used                      b) didn't use                      c) used                      d) was used
- 42-Maher ..... smoke a lot but now he's given up completely!
- a) used                      b) used to                      c) got used to                      d) was used to
- 43-Before I became a vegetarian, I was used to ..... a lot of meat.
- a) eat                      b) eating                      c) ate                      d) eats
- 44-Did you ..... write poems when you were young?
- a) use to                      b) used to                      c) used                      d) get used to
- 45- I ( **used to-didn't use to -was used to -was using** ) the cold weather of Russia.
- 46- I ( **used to-didn't use to -was used to -was using** ) the cold weather of Russia.
- 47-Our school have more equipment than they( **used to- used to be-was used to -uses** )
- 48.I..... .. the cold weather of Canada.
- a. used to                      b. didn't use to                      c. was used to                      d. was using
- 49- I no longer play tennis as I .....
- a am used                      b am used to                      c used to                      d used
- 50-They.....to spend the feast with us every year until we moved.
- a. use                      b. are used                      c have used                      d. used
- 51-John is used to ( drive - drives - driving - driven ) a ten-year-old small car,
- 52- He used to play football but now he ( didn't - don't - doesn't - does ).
- 53-I ( didn't use - used - used to - use ) to play computer games, but now I play them
- 54-When I was in Alexandria, I ( am - was - were - is ) used to going swimming every day.
- 55-He used to be naughty but now he ( didn't - doesn't - isn't - does )
- 56-They ( didn't use to - weren't used to - used to - use to ) that noise .
- 57-I used to be late but now I ( don't - doesn't - isn't - am not ) late any more
- 58-Not only ----- well but he also scored a fantastic goal.
- a) he played                      b) played he                      c) did he play                      d) he did play.
- 59-The hammer is used to ( hit - hitting - hits - for hitting ) nails
- 60-There ( used to - would - were used to - uses to ) be a school here.
- 61-He was in the ( habit - used to - custom - customs ) of smoking.
- 62- ( No sonooer- Not Only- Hardly- When ) had he met Alithan he gave him the book.
- 63-( No sonooer- Not Only- Hardly- When ) did he meet Ali, but also he gave him the book
64. Not only ( did- do- had - are ) countries sell goods but also ideas.
65. I ..... like my wonderful uniform at school , but I 'm a university student now.
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to
66. I loved visiting my aunt in the village as she ..... prepare delicious dishes every visit.



- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) uses to                      d) didn't use to  
67. I ..... live in Cairo , then I moved to the country
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to  
68. I remember we ..... walk every Friday in the green fields when I was young. It was great. Now, I am too busy to do that.
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) get used to                      d) didn't use to  
69. My brother ..... be a good footballer, until he retired.
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to  
70. I .....swim in this river when I was young. Now I'm too old.
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) a & c  
71. The children ..... often help me to make a cake. They still do sometimes.
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) a & c  
72. My uncle ..... sit in that chair and smoke badly
- a) would be                      b) was used to                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to  
73. My father ..... have a horse when he was young.
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to  
74. For many years, We..... go on holiday to Alex, but now it has become expensive.
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) a & c  
75. I ..... a diary every day Ten years ago . Now I'm busy.
- a) would write                      b) wouldn't write                      c) use to write                      d) wrote  
76. Brides and Bridegrooms ..... be very happy when they marry - but then it all went wrong.
- a) used to                      b) wouldn't                      c) would                      d) didn't use to  
77. On having a bad argument, my brother and I ..... talk to each other for weeks
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) wasn't use to  
78. When I was five, I ..... be able to do violent sports. Now I 'm peaceful.
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to  
79. I ..... share room with a friend before having my own flat.
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to  
80. I ..... like him much when we were at school, but now we're friends.
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to  
81. My father..... get me everything I wanted before his death.
- a) would be                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to  
84. I ..... often feel exhausted after playing football on Fridays.
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to  
85. Before getting my driving licence, I ..... ride a bicycle everywhere.
- a) would                      b) didn't use to                      c) used to                      d) a & c  
86. I ..... always lose when I played chess with my father.
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) get used to                      d) didn't use to  
87. He ..... walk along the beach every evening before bed
- a) wouldn't                      b) would                      c) use to                      d) didn't use to  
89. She ..... love playing badminton before she hurt her hand.
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to  
90. We ..... go to the same little café for lunch every day when I was a student.
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) a & c